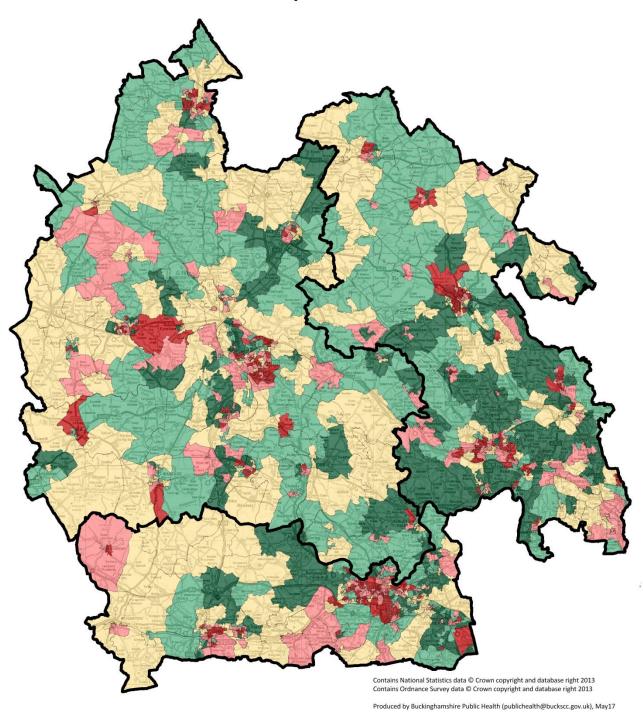
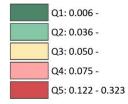
Income Deprivation 2015



Income Deprivation, proportion, LSOA11 Population-weighted quintiles



Population-weighted quintile estimates from LSOA11-level data in Department for Communities and Local Government English Indices of Deprivation 2015

The Income deprivation domain measures the proportion of people within an area that are experiencing deprivation as a result of low income. For this domain the definition of those that have low income is those that are either out of work or those that are in work but have low earnings (and who satisfy the respective means tests to indicate this). Below are the indicators used to calculate this:

- Adults and children in Income Support families
- · Adults and children in income-based Jobseeker's Allowance families
- Adults and children in income-based Employment and Support Allowance families
- Adults and children in Pension Credit (Guarantee) families
- Adults and children in Working Tax Credit and Child Tax Credit families
- Asylum Seekers in England in receipt of subsistence support, accommodation support, or both.

In order to calculate the overall domain score each of the six counts were combined to create a non-overlapping total of income deprived individuals. This count is then expressed as a proportion of the total population of the area (minus the prison population). It is one of seven domains that combine to produce the overall Index of Multiple Deprivation.

Within the BOB area (Buckinghamshire, Oxfordshire & Berkshire West) there are 1,019 LSOAs which have been ranked and allocated to a quintile.

Each indicator in the analysis is based on **population-based** quintiles so it is not possible to say how many LSOAs *should* be in each quintile. The total adult population of BOB, used in this analysis, is approximately 1,638,000; this would be around 327,600 people in each quintile.

The population in each quintile, for this indicator, is as follows;

Quintile	Population	% Population	# LSOAs	% LSOAs
Q1	328,089	20.0%	204	20.0%
Q2	326,509	19.9%	205	20.1%
Q3	328,129	20.0%	204	20.0%
Q4	327,288	20.0%	206	20.2%
Q5	328,398	20.0%	200	19.6%
Total	1,638,413	100.0%	1,019	100.0%